

Theorem 11.37: If P is a rational polyhedron, then $P' = \{x \in P \mid x \text{ satisfies every Gomory-Chvátal cut for } P\}$ is also a rational polyhedron.

Proof: Let $P = \{x \mid Ax \leq b\}$ with A and b integral. Then P' is defined by $Ax \leq b$ and the set $S := \{(y^T A)x \leq \lfloor y^T b \rfloor \mid 0 \leq y < \mathbf{1} \text{ and } y^T A \text{ integral}\}$. To prove this desired result, let $w^T x \leq \lfloor t \rfloor$ be any Gomory-Chvátal cut, derived from $Ax \leq b$ with the nonnegative vector \bar{y} .

We will show that $w^T x \leq \lfloor t \rfloor$ can be written as a linear combination of inequalities from $Ax \leq b$ plus an inequality in S .

(\Rightarrow) any inequality not in S is redundant in the definition of P' .)

Let $\bar{y}' = \bar{y} - \lfloor \bar{y} \rfloor$. Then $w' = (\bar{y}')^T A = \underbrace{w}_{=\bar{y}^T A} - (\lfloor \bar{y} \rfloor)^T A$ is integral and $t' = (\bar{y}')^T b = t - (\lfloor \bar{y} \rfloor)^T b$

differs from t by an integral amount.

Thus, the cut $(w')^T x \leq \lfloor t' \rfloor$ derived with \bar{y}' , together with

$(\lfloor \bar{y} \rfloor)^T A x \leq (\lfloor \bar{y} \rfloor)^T b$ (which is a nonnegative combination of $Ax \leq b$)

sum to the cut $w^T x \leq \lfloor t \rfloor$.

□

Enumeration

A TSP-instance on n points has $\frac{(n-1)!}{2}$ different tours.

Thus, for $\begin{cases} n=15, & \text{we have more than 43 milliards tours.} \\ n=18, & \text{————— " ————— 177 billions tours.} \end{cases}$

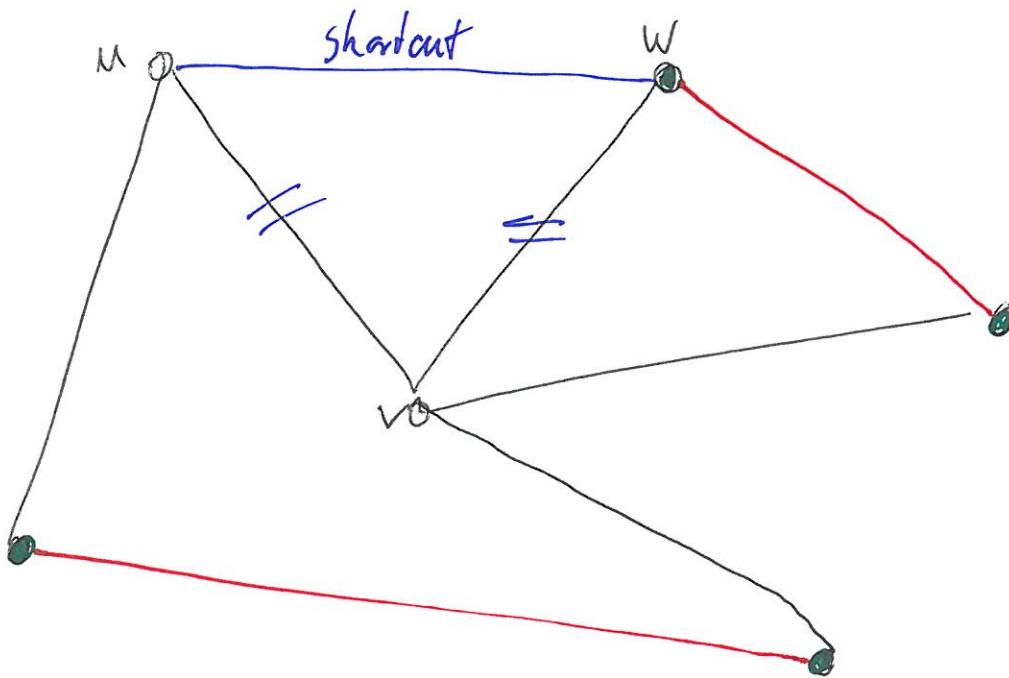
If you ^(or your computer) could ~~compute~~ enumerate 30 points in one hour, you would need for two additional points almost 1000 hours (≈ 40 days)

In practice / records :

- In 2006, Cook was able to compute an optimal tour on 85.900 points
- It is possible to compute tours on millions of points that are of length at most 1% away from the optimum.
- TSPLIB library provides test instances.

Tree $T=(V,E)$

Matching M



Note: $|M|$ is even.

Note: In each iteration, $H=(V,E)$ has an Euler tour;
Choose $\{u,v\}$ and $\{v,w\}$ as consecutive edges on such a tour;
→ "Shortcut"