

## Eleventh and Last Set of Exercises

(due date: July 5, 12:00, in room MA 501)

**Exercise 67** (4 points). Let  $E$  be a finite set,  $c : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$  and  $\mathcal{F} \subseteq 2^E$  such that  $(E, \mathcal{F})$  is a matroid. Moreover, let  $X_1, X_2 \in \mathcal{F}$  be two optimal solutions to the corresponding maximization problem, i. e.,

$$c(X_1) = c(X_2) = \max\{c(X) \mid X \in \mathcal{F}\} ,$$

and  $e \in X_1$ . Prove that there exists an  $e' \in X_2$  with  $c(e') = c(e)$ . In particular, if  $c(e_1) \neq c(e_2)$  for all  $e_1 \neq e_2$ , then there exists a unique optimal solution.

**Exercise 68** (4 points). Let  $G = (V, E)$  be an undirected graph and

$$\mathcal{F} := \{F \subseteq V \mid \text{there is a matching } M \text{ of } G \text{ covering all nodes in } F\} .$$

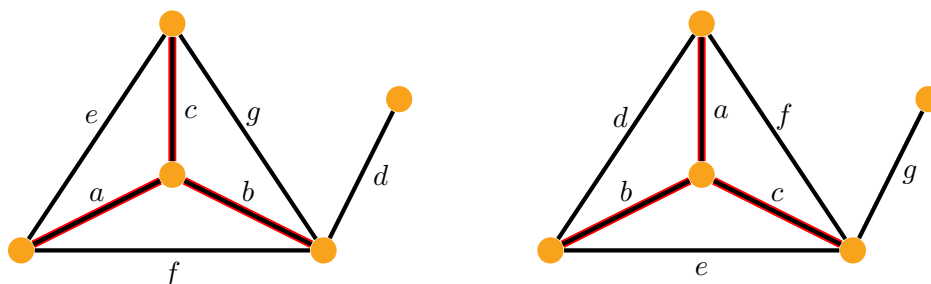
Prove that  $(V, \mathcal{F})$  is a matroid.

**Exercise 69** (4 points). Prove Theorem 16.8:

Let  $E$  be a finite set and  $\mathcal{B} \subseteq 2^E$ . Then,  $\mathcal{B}$  is the set of bases of some matroid  $(E, \mathcal{F})$  if and only if

- i)  $\mathcal{B} \neq \emptyset$ ;
- ii)  $B_1, B_2 \in \mathcal{B}, e \in B_1 \setminus B_2 \implies \exists f \in B_2 \setminus B_1$  with  $(B_1 \setminus \{e\}) \cup \{f\} \in \mathcal{B}$ .

**Exercise 70** (4 points). Consider the matroid intersection problem on the graphic matroids defined by the following graphs:



For  $X := \{a, b, c\}$ , construct the digraph  $D_X$ . Find an  $S_X$ - $T_X$ -path for which the corresponding augmentation does *not* yield a common independent set. Find a shortest  $S_X$ - $T_X$ -path and construct an optimum solution to the matroid intersection problem.

**Exercise 71** (4 points). Prove that the rank function of a matroid is submodular.

**Exercise 72** (tutorial session). Let  $E$  be a finite set,  $c : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $\mathcal{F} \subseteq 2^E$  such that  $(E, \mathcal{F})$  is a matroid. Prove that the greedy algorithm yields a basis  $B$  of  $E$  maximizing  $\sum_{e \in B} c(e)$ .

**Exercise 73** (tutorial session). Let  $G = (V, E)$  be a bipartite graph and

$$\mathcal{F} := \{M \subseteq E \mid M \text{ is a matching in } G\} .$$

Prove that the independence system  $(E, \mathcal{F})$  is the intersection of two matroids.

**Exercise 74** (tutorial session). Let  $E$  be a finite set and  $f : 2^E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that the following three statements are equivalent:

- i)  $f(A \cup B) + f(A \cap B) \leq f(A) + f(B)$  for all  $A, B \subseteq E$ ;
- ii)  $f(S \cup \{j\}) - f(S) \geq f(T \cup \{j\}) - f(T)$  for all  $j \in E$  and  $S \subseteq T \subseteq E \setminus \{j\}$ ;
- iii)  $f(S \cup \{j\}) - f(S) \geq f(S \cup \{j, k\}) - f(S \cup \{k\})$  for all  $j \neq k \in E$  and  $S \subseteq E \setminus \{j, k\}$ .

A function  $f$  with these properties is called *submodular*.